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Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

MONDAY, MARCH 25, 1765.

Having obtained a Copy of an Address, Memorial, and Remonstrance of the Council and House of Burgesses of the Province of Virginia, we are requested to publish them here, not doubting but they will be agreeable to most of our Readers.

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majesty's dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Council and Burgesses of your ancient Colony and Dominion of *Virginia*, now met in General Assembly, beg Leave to assure Your Majesty of our firm and inviolable Attachment to Your sacred Person and Government: And as your faithful Subjects here have at all Times been zealous to demonstrate this Truth, by a ready Compliance with the Royal Requisitions during the late War, by which a heavy and oppressive Debt of near half a Million hath been incurred; so at this Time they implore Permission to approach the Throne with humble Confidence, and to entreat that Your Majesty will be graciously pleased to protect your People of this Colony in the Enjoyment of their ancient and inestimable Right of being governed by such Laws, respecting their internal Polity and Taxation, as are derived from their own Consent, with the Approbation of their Sovereign or his Substitute: A Right, which as Men and the Descendants of *Britons* they have ever quietly possessed, since first by Royal Permission and Encouragement they left the Mother Kingdom to extend its Commerce and Dominion.

Your Majesty's dutiful Subjects of *Virginia* most humbly and unanimously hope, that this invaluable Birth-right, descended to them from their Ancestors, and in which they have been protected by Your Royal Predecessors, will not be suffered to receive Injury under the Reign of Your sacred Majesty, already so illustriously distinguished by Your gracious Attention to the Liberties of the People.

That Your Majesty may long live to make Nations happy, is the ardent Prayer of Your faithful Subjects the Council and Burgesses of *Virginia*.

To the Right Honorable the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled.

The Memorial of the Council and Burgesses of Virginia, now met in General Assembly,

Humbly Represents,

THAT your Memorialists hope an Application to your Lordships, the fixed and hereditary Guardians of British Liberty, will not be thought improper at this Time, when Measures are proposed subversive, as they conceive, of that Freedom which all Men, especially those who derive their Constitution from Britain, have a Right to enjoy: and they flatter themselves that your Lordships will not look upon them as Objects so unworthy your Attention, as to regard any Impropriety in the Form or Manner of their Application, for your Lordship's Protection of their just and undoubted Rights as Britons.

It cannot be Presumption in your Memorialists, to call themselves by this distinguished Name, since they are descended from Britons, who left their native Country to extend it's Territory and Dominion, and who happily for Britain, and, as your Memorialists once thought for themselves too, effected this Purpose. As our Ancestors brought with them every Right and Privilege they could with Justice claim, in their Mother Kingdom, their Descendants may conclude they cannot be deprived of those Rights without Injustice.

Your Memorialists conceive it to be a fundamental Principle of the British Constitution, without which, Freedom can no where exist; that the People are not subject to any Taxes, but such as are laid on them by their own Consent, or by those who are legally appointed to represent them: Property must become too precarious for the Genius of a free People, which can be taken from them at the Will of others, who cannot know what Taxes such People can bear, or the easiest Mode of raising them; and who are not under that Restraint, which is the greatest Security against a burthensome Taxation, when the Representatives themselves must be affected by every Tax imposed on the People.

Your Memorialists are therefore led into an humble Confidence, that your Lordships will not think any Reason sufficient to support such a Power in the British Parliament, where the Colonies cannot be represented; a Power never before constitutionally assumed, and which if they have a Right to exercise on any Occasion, must necessarily establish this melancholly Truth, That the Inhabitants of the Colonies are the Slaves of Britons, from whom they are descended, and from whom they might expect every Indulgence, that the Obligations of Interest and Affection can entitle them to.

Your Memorialists have been invested with the Right of Taxing their own People, from the first Establishment of a regular Government in the Colony; and Requisitions have been constantly made to them by their Sovereigns, on all Occasions, when the Assistance of the Colony was thought necessary, to preserve the British Interest in America, from whence they must conclude they cannot now be deprived of a Right they have so long enjoyed, and which they have never forfeited.

The Expences incurred during the last War, in Compliance with the Demands on this Colony by our late and present most gracious Sovereigns, have involved us in a Debt of near half a Million: a Debt not likely to decrease under the continued Expence we are at in providing for the Security of the People against the Incursions of our Savage Neighbours, at a Time when the low State of our Staple Commodity, the total want of Specie, and the late Restrictions upon the Trade of the Colonies, render the Circumstances of the People extremely distressful, and which, if Taxes are accumulated upon them by the British Parliament, will make them truly deplorable.

Your Memorialists cannot suggest to themselves any Reason why they should not still be trusted with the Property of their People, with whose Abilities, and the least burthensome Mode of Taxing, (with great Deference to the superior Wisdom of Parliament) they must be best acquainted.

Your Memorialists hope they shall not be suspected of being actuated on this Occasion by any Principles, but those of the purest Loyalty and Affection, as they always endeavoured by their Conduct to demonstrate that they consider their Connections with Great-Britain the Seat of Liberty, as their greatest Happiness.

The Duty they owe to themselves and their Posterity, lays your Memorialists under the Necessity of endeavouring to establish their Constitution upon its proper Foundation. And they do most humbly pray your Lordships to take this Subject into your Consideration with the Attention that is due to the Well-being of the Colonies, on which the Prosperity of Great Britain does in a great Measure depend.

To the Honorable Knights, Citizens and Burgesses of Great-Britain, in Parliament assembled.

The Remonstrance of the Council and Burgesses of Virginia.

IT appearing by the printed Votes of the House of Commons of *Great-Britain* in Parliament assembled, that, in a Committee of the whole House the 17th Day of *March* last, it was Resolved, That towards defending, protecting and securing the *British* Colonies and Plantations in *America*, it may be proper to charge certain Stamp Duties in the said Colonies and Plantations; and it being apprehended that the same Subject which was then declined, may be resumed and further pursued in a succeeding Session, the Council and Burgesses of *Virginia* met in General Assembly, judge it their indispensable Duty in a respectful Manner, but with decent Firmness, to remonstrate against such a Measure; that at least a Cession of those Rights, which in their Opinion must be infringed by that Procedure, may not be inferred from their Silence at so important a Crisis.

They conceive it is essential to *British* Liberty that Laws imposing Taxes on the People ought not to be made without the Consent of Representatives chosen by themselves; who, at the same Time that they are acquainted with the Circumstances of their Constituents, sustain a Proportion of the Burthen laid on them. This Privilege inherent in the Persons who discovered and settled these Regions, could not be renounced, or forfeited by their Removal hither, not as Vagabonds or Fugitives, but licensed and encouraged by their Prince, and animated with a laudable Desire of enlarging the *British* Dominion, and extending its Commerce; on the contrary it was secured to them and their Descendants, with all other Rights and Immunities of *British* Subjects, by a Royal Charter, which hath been invariably recognized and confirmed by His Majesty and his Predecessors in their Commissions to the several Governors, granting a Power, and prescribing a Form of Legislation: According to which, Laws for the Administration of Justice, and for the Welfare and good Government of the Colony, have been enacted by the Governor, Council and General Assembly; and to them Requisitions and Applications for Supplies have been directed by the Crown. As an Instance of the Opinion which former Sovereigns entertained of these Rights and Privileges, we beg leave to refer to three Acts of the General Assembly, passed in the thirty-second Year of the Reign of King CHARLES the Second (one of which is intitled, *An Act for raising a Publick Revenue for the better Support of the Government of His Majesty's Colony of* Virginia, imposing several Duties for that Purpose) which being thought absolutely necessary, were prepared in *England*, and sent over by their then Governor, the Lord *Culpepper*, to be passed by the General Assembly, with a full Power to give the Royal Assent thereto; and which were accordingly passed after several Amendments were made to them here. Thus tender was His Majesty of the Rights of his *American* Subjects: And the Remonstrants do not discern by what Distinction they can be deprived of that sacred Birthright and most valuable Inheritance, by their Fellow-Subjects; nor with what Propriety they can be taxed or affected in their Estates by the Parliament, wherein they are not, and indeed cannot, constitutionally be represented.

And if it were proper for the Parliament to impose Taxes on the Colonies at all, which the Remonstrants take Leave to think would be inconsistent with the fundamental Principles of the Constitution, the Exercise of that Power at this Time would be ruinous to *Virginia*, who exerted herself in the late War it is feared beyond her Strength; insomuch that to redeem the Money granted for that Exigence, her People are taxed for several Years to come: This, with the large Expences incurred for defending the Frontiers against the restless Indians, who have infested her as much since the Peace as before, is so grievous that an Increase of the Burthen will be intolerable; especially as the People are very greatly distressed already from the Scarcity of circulating Cash amongst them, and from the little Value of their Staple at the British Markets.

And it is presumed, that adding to that Load which the Colony now labours under, will not be more oppressive to her People than destructive of the Interest of Great-Britain: For the Plantation Trade, confined as it is to the Mother-Country, hath been a principal Means of multiplying and enriching her Inhabitants; and if not too much discouraged, may prove an inexhaustible Source of Treasure to the Nation. For Satisfaction in this Point, let the present State of the British Fleets and Trade be compared with what they were before the Settlement of the Colonies; and let it be considered, that whilst Property in Land may be acquired on very easy Terms, in the vast uncultivated Territory of North America, the Colonists will be mostly, if not wholly employed in Agriculture; whereby the Exportation of their Commodities to Great Britain, and the Consumption of their Manufactures supplied from thence, will be daily increasing. But this most desirable Connection between Great-Britain and her Colonies, supported by such an happy Intercourse of reciprocal Benefits as is continually advancing the Prosperity of both, must be interrupted, if the People of the latter, reduced to extreme Poverty, should be compelled to manufacture those Articles they have been hitherto furnished with from the former.

From these Considerations it is hoped that the Honorable House of Commons will not prosecute a Measure, which those who may suffer it cannot but look upon as little less than driven from their native Country after ignominiously forfeiting her Favours and Protection, than for the Posterity of *Britons*, who have at all Times been forward to demonstrate all due Reverence to the Mother Kingdom, and are so instrumental in promoting her Glory and Felicity; and that *British* Patriots will never consent to the Exercise of anti-constitutional Power; which even in this remote Corner may be dangerous in its Example to the interior Parts of the *British* Empire, and will certainly be detrimental to its Commerce.

// Noble spirited Petitions! how much unlike ours! vide page 38

By Capt. Montgomery, lately arrived at Philadelphia, in a short Passage from Cork, we have the following ADVICES, Viz.

LONDON.

Dec. 29. Yesterday the remains of Dr. George Stone, late Archbishop of Armagh and Primate of all Ireland were carried from his brother's house in Spring Gardens to the Jerusalem Chamber, and after lying in state, were last night interr'd in a grand manner in a vault in Westminster Abbey.

A gentleman of immense fortune, in the city shot himself at his country house on Wednesday last. The reason of it is not yet discovered.

A few days since as a certain great nobleman was carrying in a chair thro' St. James's-Park, a mob gathered, and followed it a considerable way, and continually called out, "No B——:" at last the chair was ordered to stop, and upon its being opened, the nobleman stood up and demanded what they wanted with him? This question and some of the foot guards being near, so intimidated the Mobility, that they immediately dispersed, and left the great personage to proceed to the place where he was going, without further molestation.

Jan. 5 Certain advices are received, that the Spaniards have already formed one encampment on the borders of Portugal, near Almeda, and are in great forwardness with another, to consist of 15 battalions, and 24 squadrons. The King of Portugal has ordered all his officers to join their corps.

Private letters from Cadiz say, that 4 ships of the line, 3 frigates and a bomb ketch are fitting out in that port, intended, it is thought, for an expedition against the Portuguese settlements in the Brazils.

Last night an express arrived at the Secretary of State's office, and this morning, we hear, the same was laid before his Majesty: It is said to come from France and to have bro't a conclusive agreement relative to certain matters lately contested.

A speedy commencement of hostilities on the coast of Guinea, is now looked upon as hardly avoidable, considering the naval strength of the French on that station, who are actually said to have 5 men of war of the line, besides frigates appointed and transports, with a considerable number of land forces on board.

We are informed, the last West-India mail dispatched, contained orders for Sir William Burnaby to grant a sufficient convoy from the ships of his squadron to the British logwood cutters in the bay of Honduras, with positive orders to repel any offered indignities by force.

The last letters from Lisbon advise, that four large transports, under convoy of a King's ship, sailed from the Tagus the 10th of December, with materials and ordnance stores for his Portuguese Majesty's western islands, where some additional forts are to be erected. Extract of a Letter from Plymouth Dock, Jan. 1.

"An express arrived yesterday morning at Plymouth dock, with sailing Orders for the Edgar, (who has been lying 15 weeks in the Sound) The crew are very sickly, and their disorder seem epidemical. It is said there are near 70 upon the sick list; owing principally to want of fresh air, the weather in winter time being so bad in the Sound, that it is very seldom ships can open their lower tier of ports."

"The Edgar is to sail in company with the Shannon and Hound to the coast of Guinea, to demolish a Fort called Abralca, which the French have erected opposite to ours in the new river Gambia; she is not to touch at any of the English settlements at all, but after touching at Cape Coast and Anamaboo, make the best of her way back, without going to Jamaica.

"Commodore Graves, who commands the Edgar, is to hoist a broad pendant as soon as he sails."

Letters from Vienna intimate, that notwithstanding the frequent assurances given their Envoy at Constantinople, of the pacifick intentions of the Grand Signior, and that a Turkish Ambassador is soon to arrive among them, their Ministry are still not without great apprehensions of the Porte, and that the present movements of the Turks and Tartars are intended against them, affairs being, in all appearance, so happily settled in Poland, that there can be no occasion for marching that way.

We have the greatest satisfaction in informing the public (and we flatter ourselves have good authority for it) that their Majesties, sensibly affected at the wounds given to thousands of their British manufacturing subjects, by the wear of French manufactures, have not only themselves determined never to wear any thing whatsoever of that kind, but to give the same all discountenance imaginable at their court.

The ships of war which were ready to sail for the Newfoundland station, we hear, will be countermanded, on account of the arrival of Commodore Pallifer.

The Admiral of the Ottoman fleet has carried into the port of Constantinople two Neapolitan vessels, whose crews had murdered their Captains, and were preparing to go a pirating when he took them.

They write from Hamburgh, that two ships which were ready to sail with warlike stores for Barbary, have had their cargoes unladen, at the instance of the Spanish Minister in that city, who protested in his master's name, against any assistance being sent to the enemies of Spain.

Cork, Jan. 10. A rumour is spread here of some discoveries being made of an extraordinary nature; but as we know not what foundation there is for such a rumour, we shall defer saying any thing on that head. However, we know the troops quartered here have orders to march under arms to Church next Sunday, and to be supplied with 16 rounds of powder and ball each man.

DUBLIN. January 12.

Extract of a Letter from Waterford. Jan. 10 1765.

"We are in great hopes here that the whole plot of the White Boys will be discovered, which you may rely on was no less than an intended rebellion — Lord Carrick bro't a Woman here last Saturday, who it is expected will discover the whole. We have a French officer in prison here."

A Great Variety of English Goods,

To be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,

TO-MORROW, being

the 26th Inst. at X o'Clock, A. M. at the Store under EDES & GILL's Printing-Office, in Queen-Street, next the Prison — *The Goods to be seen from 7 o'Clock 'til the Sale begins* — Viz.

RATTEENS	Silk Ferrets and Galloons
Whitneys	Silk Twist & Silk & Hair
Shags German Serges	Silk and Hair Buttons
Half-thicks Camblets	Tapes & Bobbins
Shalloons Tammies	Stock-Tapes
Calamancoes	black silk Fringe
Pepper Cloves	Cartridge, brown & white Paper per Ream
A great Variety of Looking-Glasses	A Quantity of New Books per Doz. Viz.
Men's & Women's shammy and lamb Gloves and Mitts	Scotch & English Bibles Testaments & Psalters
best Belladine Sewing silks	Flavel's Works
yellow Sarsnet	Bailey's Dictionary
scarlet Sattin	Quincy's Dispensatory
A great Variety best white Threads	ditto Lexicon

With a Number of other Articles.

A Number of white Oak TRUNNELS, 2½ Feet long, very fit for Wharfing, to be Sold; Inquire of Edes & Gill.

TO BE SOLD BY

Richard Salter,

At his Shop in Cornhill, BOSTON,

Opposite Mr. William Greenleaf, *Apothecary*;

An Assortment of

English and India Goods, and

Stationary Ware, (consisting of too many Articles to be enumerated in an Advertisement) by Wholesale or Retail: Also Womens best *Lynn* Shoes at 5s. the single Pair, and cheaper by the Quantity; and a Quantity of the best 3-threaded Twine for Seins, very cheap.

TO BE SOLD,

By William Hunt,

Dorchester Pale ALE, in Iron Bound Casks. Ditto Bottled Ale, choice Wines in Pipes, half Pipes and Quarter Casks; warranted Sperma Cæti Candles; Turpentine in Tierces; Iron Hoops for Water Casks, made here, and better in Quality than those imported.

Also to close an Account of Sales,

There is put into his Hands, the following Goods, which were imported here last Summer, viz.

GUN Powder, Barr Lead, Frying Pans. Nails, Small Arms. 10 by 8 Glass, Hooks and Lines, Womens Worsted Shoes, Mens Leather ditto, Womens and Mens glaz'd Gloves, Duroys, Tammies, Callimancoes, worsted Breeches Patterns, Bunting, Mens Hatts; Sadlery Ware, such as, Bridles, Stirrups, Leather Surfing, &c. a genteel Lady's Hunting Saddle, with the Furniture.

CAmbricks & Lawns, silk knit Patteros for Waistcoat & Breeches, Do Hose, white Damask shript and check'd Lutestrings, Mecklinburg Brocade, figured & plain Mode, Dimothy, white chappel Needles, Paper Snuff Boxes, Bottle Stands, a Quantity Brass Candlesticks, genteel Ivory handle Knives and Forks both green & white, japann'd Canisters, white and black Laces, Earings, Necklaces, &c.

☞ *These Goods will be sold very reasonable, for Reason above-mentioned.*

To be Sold, very cheap for Cash or good Security, and enter'd upon immediately; a Farm in *Bedford*, near the Meeting-House, pleasantly situated, well proportioned for Pasturing, Mowing, Tillage, Woodland, &c. containing about 50 Acres; with a good House, Barn, &c. For further Particulars, inquire of the Rev. Mr. *Jonas Clarke*, in *Lexington*.

TO BE SOLD,

By Joseph Scott,

RED and white Clover Seed, Herds Grass and Fowl Meadow Seed; choice good Corks; Bake-Iron Pans; Try Kettles & Pots; Pot ash Kettles, and all Sorts of Furnace Ware; three thread Twine for Nets; Sheathing & Drawing Nails; 4. 4½. 5. 5½ Inch Deck Nails; and an Assortment of other Nails; Cod Lines and Hooks; Mackrel Lines and Hooks; and a general Assortment of Hard Ware, too many Articles to be enumerated in an Advertisement, all which he will sell at the very lowest Rate for ready Money.

☞ Said SCOTT (again) desires all Persons that have Accompts still open with him, to come to an immediate Adjustment; and those indebted, must make speedy Pay.

To be Sold at PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Queen's Head Tavern in *Roxbury*, on Tuesday the Ninth Day of *April* next, at 3 o'Clock, P. M.

A *FARM* consisting of about 50 Acres, with a good House & Barn, late in the Occupation of Mr. *Thomas Bell*, about 4 Miles from *Boston*, and near the said Tavern. For Terms, inquire of the Printers hereof.

TO BE SOLD,

A very good Farm lying in the South Part of *Dedham*, about 15 Miles distance from the Town House in *Boston*, and half a Mile South from the Great Road leading to *Walpole*, containing between 230 & 240 Acres, all very good Land, and lies in one whole Piece. Any Person or Persons inclining to purchase the same, may have it upon very easy Terms, paying some Part of the Money down, and the other to be upon Interest with good Security. Those who incline to purchase may inquire of Messrs. *Edes* and *Gill*, Printers, and know further.

There is to be Sold by *Noah Hitchcock*, of *Brimfield*, a large Farm of 200 Acres, with a good House and large Barn thereon, and two young Orchards, with about 100 Acres of improvable Lands, lying about three Miles from the Meeting-House. Also another Farm of 54 Acres of Land, with a good Dwelling-House, a Saw-Mill, and Grist-Mill, and about 10 Acres of Improvement, lying about two Miles from Meeting. Also another containing 46 Acres of Land, lying about 20 Rods from the Meeting House, with a new Dwelling-House thereon, with about twenty Acres of Improvement, very convenient for a Tradesman or Merchant. Whosoever will purchase the same, shall be well used for Money, or good Security, by me. *NOAH HITCHCOCK*

TO BE SOLD,

By William Homes,

At his Store, No. 2, *South Side of the Town Dock*, (Just below the Swing Bridge,)

At the lowest Rates for Cash, or short Credit;

Fresh *Philadelphia* Flour and Barr Iron; best brown Sugars by the Barrel or Hundred; Loaf Sugar; choice LONDON Bohea Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, best Prize Indigo by the Dozen or Hundred Weight; Molasses; West-India & New-England Rum by the Hogshead or Barrel; New Rice; Cocoa, &c.

TO BE SOLD BY

Andrews & Domett,

At Store No. 1. *South-Side of the Town-Dock*; (*Opposite the Swing-Bridge.*)

Philadelphia Flour, superfine ditto in half Barrels, Loaf and Brown Sugars, New Rice, Cocoa, Chocolate, Pepper, Piemento ground Ginger, French Prize Indigo, *BOHEA* and *HYSON TEAS*, Coffee, Raisins, Kippen's Snuff, Mustard, Jarr Oyl, Castile Soap, Chalk, Brimstone, Copperas, English and *Rhode Island* Cheese, split Peese, Butter in Firkins, Bar Lead, hollow Iron Ware, Cod-Hooks; Seine, sewing and Whipping Twine; Quart Bottles, choice DUMB FISH in half Quintals.

☞ New England Rum, best Old Jamaica Spirit — Also a Quantity of *Maryland* Wheat.

To the GENTLEMEN and LADIES of this Metropolis.

WHEREAS the Subscriber has for several Years taught Spelling, Reading, Writing, Arithmatic and French, *to general Acceptance* — THIS is to give Notice, That the same is still continued with Honour and Fidelity, in the North Writing School Lane, per *THOMAS BRITT.*

A Wet Nurse, with a good young Breast of Milk, about 8 *Miles from Boston, would take a Child to suckle; Inquire of Edes & Gill.*

☞ ALL Persons indebted for this Paper, whose Accounts have been above 12 Months standing, are requested to make immediate Payment.

PHILADELPHIA, March 7.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated Nov. 30.

"The Minority, by Death and other Accidents, are mouldered away almost to nothing. The Ministry are now employed in preparing some Bills against next Sessions, which will render them very popular; and they have, in particular, under their serious Consideration, the Purchase of the Superiority of the Isle of Man, which hath been, for many Years, the Grand Theatre of Smuggling. This will increase the Revenue to a prodigious Degree. I have also the Pleasure to acquaint you, that, by the unusual Care of the Officers of the Revenue, and by some excellent Regulations lately made in it, as well as by the great Increase of our Commerce in general, the Sinking Fund hath this Year much exceeded Two Millions; a Sum which a Man, in high Office, told me the other Day, neither their Hopes nor Wishes ever presumed to reach before."

Sunday last arrived here Capt. Brown from New-Providence, who informs, that Capt. Barns in the schooner Patty, from Tortola, for this Place, being blown off this coast was got in there. There was also put in there a small sloop belonging to Virginia with molasses on board, a sloop belonging to Boston who had lost her rudder; and a sloop and two schooners belonging to some part of New-England.

NEW-YORK, March 18

Friday last Capt. Benson arrived here from Dover, and last from Plymouth, which Place he left the 4th of February; but has brought no late Prints: He says that the Packet from Falmouth, for this Place, sailed about the middle of January; and the Cornelia, Capt. Montgomery, about 10 Days before him, for this Place also.

Capt. Benson also says, that about the middle of January an Indiaman, outward-bound, was cast away on the Kentish Knock, but that the Cargo and most of the Crew was saved.

NEW-LONDON, *March* 15.

Last Sunday arrived here from Anguilla, in 22 Days, Capt Hugh Thomson, and informs, that he sailed from this port the 23d of Dec. last, with a cargo of horses, bound for Barbados, and that two days after, they met with a most violent gale of wind, that twice overset the vessel, and obliged them to throw over their horses—The gale continued 10 days; in the height of it they saw a schooner of about 45 tons, with a white bottom, which they judged to be a wreck.

The following vessels were arrived at Barbados that had suffered in the above storm, viz. Capt. Rise in a brig from New-Haven, who had been overset and lost 18 horses—Capt Rich. Hall lost two horses—Capt. Giles Hall lost 7 8ths of his cargo—A new brig from Rhode Island, which had been overset 24 Hours, and lost one Mast—A Ship of 300 Tons, bound from Madeira to New-York, but drove off the Coast when within 50 Leagues of the Hook, was also overset in the Storm, and received considerable Damage; and another Ship of 500 Tons, from the Coast of Africa, bound to Virginia, but drove off the Coast.—Capt. Fanning from this Port, had arrived without receiving any considerable Damage, except himself and some of his People being much Froze in going off the Coast—A Schooner of 45 Tons, bound from Liverpool in Nova-Scotia, to Halifax, with only two Men in her, was drove off the Coast, and arrived at St. Martins: they lost their Rudder in the above Storm, and was so Leaky they were compelled to keep most of the Time at the Pumps.

His Honour our Governor has issued a Proclamation Ordering and Directing that Wednesday, the Seventeenth Day of April next, be observed as a Day of public Fasting and Prayer thro'out this Colony.

Since our last, the celebrated Mr. Robert Sandeman came to Town from the Westward, and Yesterday delivered a vivacious Discourse, at the Court-House, to a large Auditory, from Rom. 10. 10

PORTSMOUTH, March 22.

We hear from Exeter, that the Week before last, a Sheep being ailing for several Days, and no hopes of her Recovery, the Owner order'd his Servant to knock her in the Head; but instead thereof he cut her Throat, ripped her open immediately, and took out two fine Lambs, which are likely to live.

Yesterday in the Forenoon a Sail Boat, with 4 Men and one Woman coming from Kittery Point to this Town, suddenly overset in the middle of the River, and tho' they were at a considerable Distance, by the immediate help afforded them from People that put off in 5 Boats, they were all providentially taken up alive and brought to Town.

BOSTON, *March* 25.

We hear from Dracut, That on Monday last died there, of a Mortification, the Rev. Mr. *Thomas Parker*, in the 64th Year of his Age.—We hear his Death is greatly lamented by his Church and Congregation.

The Rev. Mr. Whitefield arrived at Savannah in Georgia, from South Carolina, the 31st of January.

Capt. Coleman from South-Carolina, on his Passage met with Capt. Munroe of Piscataqua, bound to North Carolina, who had been out 66 Days, and in want of Provisions.—Capt. Colman supplied him with what was necessary. Captain Munroe had the Day before parted with a Vessel likewise belonging to the same Place, and bound to the same Port, which had been out 70 Days.

At the Superiour Court held here last Week, one Patrick Mulvaney of Boston, was convicted a second Time of Stealing, for which he was sentenced to be set upon the Gallows for the space of an Hour, with a Rope about his Neck, and the other End of it cast over the Gallows, to be severely whipt 30 Stripes, and to pay Costs, standing committed till performed.

And one Samuel Cooke, late of Westfield, Yeoman, being indicted upon two several Indictments for forging two Writings, purporting to be promissary Notes for considerable Sums of Money, and for publishing the same as true Notes, knowing them to be false and forged, plead guilty to each, and was for each Offence sentenced to be set in the Pillory for the Space of one Hour, and to pay Costs, &c.

The said Cooke was also indicted for forging three other promissary Notes, and pleaded guilty, and was sentenced therefor to pay a Fine of Five Pounds to the King, and to pay Costs, &c. We hear he had the Hardiness to send the two first mentioned Notes last Winter or Fall to an Attorney in Boston to put them in Suit, which was the Means of his being detected. The others were found upon him.

The Woman who has been in Confinement here the Year past, on Suspicion of having murder'd her Bastard Child, was last Week tried and acquitted.

Yesterday we had as severe a Storm of Snow, Rain, &c. as any the Winter past. The Wind being at E. and very high, swell'd the Tide considerable higher than it was the 26th of December last, (which was higher than for 20 Years before) whereby all the Lumber, &c. were entirely swept off several Wharves. The Damage done to Wharves, Stores, and Shipping in this Harbour, will amount to some Thousands.—Many Cellars were fill'd by the Tide, and much Damage sustain'd thereby.

This Day Published,

(And to be Sold by the Printers hereof;)

A VINDICATION of the *British* Colonies, against the Aspersions of the *Halifax* Gentleman, in his Letter to his *Rhode-Island* Friend.

Just Re-printed,

And to be sold by THOMAS and JOHN FLEET, at the *Heart* and *Crown* in Cornhill.

A DEFENCE of the New-England CHARTERS. By JER. DUMMER.

TO BE LETT,

The Tavern, and the Ferry, at *Winnisimet*, so called, with the Privilege of the Ferry, and enter'd upon forthwith.

Inquire of *Samuel Watts*, Esq; at *Chelsea*, or Mr. *Benjamin Kent*, at *Boston*.

Marblehead, Feb. 17, 1765.

Whereas the Proprietors of the *Common Lands* of the Town of *Windham*, in the County of *Cumberland*, at their legal Meeting by Adjournment the 23d Day of *August* last, agreed upon and ordered a Tax of £.128 2s. which was assessed at 42s. on each original Right, to be collected by Mr. *Samuel Turner*, and be paid into the Proprietor's Treasury by the 1st Day of *December* last, which Tax has been duly and legally published, yet the following original Numbers have not paid the said Tax, viz.

No 2 *Calley Wright*	27 *Moses Calley*
4. *George Pigot*	29. *Joseph Gallason*
5. *Michael Bowden*	31. *John Skinner*
7. *Eben. Hawkes, jun.*	32. *Ab. Howard*
9 *John Reed*	39. *Francis Bowden*
10. *Thomas Wood*	43 *Jed. Blaney*
11. *Robert Bull*	46 *Samuel Brimblecomb*
12. *Thomas Chute*	47. *Joseph Griffin*
14. *Nicholas Edgecomb*	48 *Joseph Smethurst*
16. *James Sharor*	51. *John Felton*
18. *Benjamin Dodge*	53 *Andrew Tucker*
19. *Joseph Majory*	55. *Nathaniel Evans*
20 *Jonathan Proctor*	56. *John. Homans*
22 *Richard Reed*	57 *William Moberry*
23. *John Bayley*	60. *Ebenezer Hawkes*
25. *Thomas Bartlet*	62 *Isaac Turner*
26 *James Perryman*	63 *James Pearson*

Therefore public Notice is hereby given, that the Assessors will meet at the Town House in *Marblehead*, on Thursday the 25th Day of *July* next, at Eleven o'Clock before Noon, (and from Day to Day) then and there to sell for Payment of such Arrears and Charges, so much of the *Common Lands* belonging to such delinquent Rights as shall be sufficient for that Purpose, unless Payment be made before that Time to

NATHAN BOWEN, *Treasurer*.

Lost last Week, a Ticket in *Faneuil*-Hall Lottery No 4, sign'd, *Thos. Cushing*. The Person who found it, is desired to return it to the Printers hereof, if not, Notice will be taken who brings it, if it proves a Benefit one. *Mar.* 25

Wants Employment,

A young Man who can be well recommended for his Honesty, Sobriety &c. can write a tolerable good Hand, and understands Arithmetic, would agree upon reasonable Terms; inquire of the Printers hereof. *Boston March* 19. 1765.

Taken up at Sea some Time ago, a Moses Boat about 15 Feet long, with a Pine Forethwart about half worn. The Owner by applying to *Thomas Hitchbourn*, Boat Builder, at the North End, and paying the Charges, may have their Boat.

TO BE SOLD,

By Benjamin Church,

At his usual Place of Sale, on THURSDAY next,

EUROPEAN GOODS, viz.

BRoad Cloths of different Colours and fineness, Rattenes, Kerseys, Half-Thicks, Shalloons, Baizes, Irish Linnens, Cambletts, Checks, Bedticks, Strip Hollands, Popplins, Dresdnets, Handkerchiefs, Lawns, Gauzes, Diapers, Household Furniture, Wearing Apparel, Watches, Small-Arms, &c. &c.

To be Sold at Public VENDUE,

By Moses Deshon,

At the Newest Auction-Room, opposite the West End of *Faneuil*-Hall, Dock-Square;

Next Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday Evenings;

A general Assortment of European GOODS, *&c.*

At the New Auction-Room now kept by

ELIAS DUPEE,

Will be Sold, by PUBLIC VENDUE, Next Tuesday, Wednesday & Friday Evenings;

A Quantity of Carpenter's Tools, Barber's Silk Cawls and Ribbons, Joiner's Work new, Broad Cloths, Serges, Bearskin, Plushes, Linnens, Diaper, Table Cloths, Camblet, Durants, Quality Binding, Apparel, House Goods, Books, &c.

To be Sold at Publick Vendue,

By John Harris,

Next Door to the Red Lyon;

This Evening, and Next Thursday Evening,

BRoad Cloths, Kerseys, Oznabrigs, Irish Linnen, Diaper, Ticken, Checks, Silk and Linnen Handkerchiefs knit Patterns, Mens Hose, Pictures under Glass, Pewter, Desks, Tables, Mens Wearing Apparel, a good Jack, and sundry other Articles.

CUSTOM HOUSE, *BOSTON*.

ENTERED IN.

Morton, Millett & Blake from Philadelphia; Hawes, Atwood, Thatcher and Capoon from Maryland; Andrews from Virginia; Silvester, Allen, McCordey, Freeman and Sweat from North-Carolina; Renton from Georgia; and Walker from Surinam.

CLEARED OUT.

Williams for Halifax; John Doubleday for North-Carolina; Harding for Dominica; Andrews and Elijah Doubleday for West-Indies; and Chambers for Amsterdam.

OUTWARD-BOUND.

Shippard, Rouch and Northway for Newfoundland; Whitmash for West-Indies; and Deverson for LONDON.

Buried in the Town of Boston, since our last.

Seven Whites. NO Blacks.

Baptiz'd in the several Churches. Three.

High Water at Boston, *for this present Week*

Monday, 20 m. aft. 2	Friday, 30 m. aft. 5
Tuesday, 7 m. aft. 3	Saturday 20 m. aft. 6
Wednesday, 51 m. aft. 3	Lord's-day, 13 m. aft. 7
Thursday, 39 m. aft. 4	Moons 1st Q. 29D. 10Ho.

Assize of Bread—Wheat at 4*s.* 10*d.* per Bush.

A 4d. White Loaf, to weigh	2 lb. 2 Oz. 12 Dr.
A 2d. Ditto —— to weigh	1 lb. 1 Oz. 6 Dr.
A 4d. Brick Loaf to weigh	1 lb. 15 Oz. 13 Dr.
A 4d. Loaf of Brown Bread, 3 qrs Wheat 1 qr. Rye Meal.	2 lb. 10 Oz. 0 Dr.
A 4d. Ditto, not above half Indian Meal, —— ——	3 lb. 8 Oz. 0 Dr.
Bisket of a Copper Price should weigh,	5 Oz. 12 Dr.

☞ *Allowance to be made for the drying of Bisket.*

Published, March 13, 1765.

(Advertisements omitted, will be in our next.)

TO BE SOLD cheap for Cash,

By Josiah Waters,

In Ann-Street, next Door to the Sign of SEVEN STARS.

PAINTER's Oil and Colours, Linseed Oil raw and boil'd, white and red Lead, Spanish Brown, Yellows, Blues, and a Variety of other Colours, dry, as well as prepar'd and mix'd, fit for House or Ship Painting—Brushes and Tools, &c &c.

N. B. At the above Place may be had, Stone and Delph Ware, choice Bohea Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Loaf and Brown Sugar, Raisins, Copperas, Spices, &c. by the Hundred and Dozen, or smaller Quantity.

To be Sold at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday the 8th Day of *April* next, at the House of Mr *Nathaniel Brown*, Innholder in *Charlestown*, at Three o'Clock, P. M.

TWO Farms in *Charlestown*, one of said Farms about 4 Miles and a half from the Ferry, on the Road to *Menotomy*, contains 108 Acres of Land, all under Improvement, and inclos'd with a good Stone Wall, having a good House and Barn.—The other Farm is about 3 Miles from the *Ferry*, on the Road to *Cambridge*, contains 60 Acres of Land, all under Improvement, and a good House and Barn thereon &c.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons Licenced and Permitted to sell Spirituous Liquors in the County of *Suffolk*, that they, with all Importers thereof pay the Excise which may be due from them to the Province the 26th Instant, when I shall attend at my Office near the Market-House as usual to receive it.

Tho. Fletcher.

All Persons to whom Mr. Thomas Pearson *deceased was indebted, are desired to call on* John Rowe, *at his Store, where they shall be paid their Dividend.*

☞ The said *Rowe* has to sell, Newcastle Coals, Lisbon and other Sorts of Salt, Liverpool Ale, Liverpool Wares in Crates and Hogsheads, Anchors of all Sizes, Nails of all Sorts, Glass of all Sorts and Sizes, Lead and Shot, London and Bristol Pipes, Russia and English Duck, Oznabrigs, Ticklenburgs, Hemp, Cordage, Cod Lines, Cod Hooks, a few Pipes of the best Sterling *Madeira* Wine, and a few Pipes of the best red *Oporto* Wine; with a general Assortment of other Goods. Also, a small Quantity of Turkey Figgs and Pruans.

TO BE SOLD BY

Lewis Gray,

At his Store, No. 1, *Butler's* Row, near the Market; Refined Bar Iron, Anchors of different Sizes; Iron Pots, Kettles and Skillets; Deck Nail Rods; Russia Duck, Hemp and Cordage; West-India and New-England Rum; Geneva in Cases; Molasses per Hogshead or Tierce; Loaf and Brown Sugar; Choice Bohea Tea; Hyson Tea in half-pound Canisters; Coffee, Cocoa and Chocolate; Florence Oyl per Chest or single Bottle; Pipes per Box or Groce; Jarr Raisins; Delph and Stone Ware; *Weymouth* Cheese, *&c. &c. &c.*

N. B. Choice Pirkin BUTTER, at 4*s.* per Pound.

To be Sold, by Order of the Superior Court, an Island known by the Name of *George's* Island, belonging to the Estate of *Hannah Greenleaf*, late of *Boston*, Widow, deceased. For further Particulars, inquire of *Samuel Greenleaf*, Administrator to said Estate. *March* 14. 1765.

TO BE SOLD,

A Brick House, fronting Beer Lane and Back-Street, with a good Garden, Yard and Pump; inquire of Edes & Gill.

TO BE SOLD,

(For no Fault;)

A Likely, strong Negro GIRL, about 16 Years of Age, that has been used to House Work: Inquire of Edes & Gill.

The Sailor who in *December* last desired a Man with a Team on the Road to leave a Bundle of Cloaths at any House in *Boston*, and he would satisfy him for it, may be inform'd where they are, and receive the same describing them, paying Charges: Inquire of Edes and Gill.

King's County, Colony of Rhode-Island, March 14. A.D. 1765.

NOtice is hereby given to the Creditors of *Peter Bos*, jun. of *South Kingston*, That they be, and appear (if they think proper) before the Justices of the Superior Court of Judicature, on the 6th Day of *April* next, at the Court House in said County, to shew Cause (if any they have) why the said *Peter* should not have the Benefit of an Act of the General Assembly, passed in *June*, A.D. 1756, for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, or otherwise to nominate and appoint Commissioners as in and by said Act is required. F. PERRY, *Clerk.*

WHEREAS a Number of the Proprietors of the Plantation of Dorchester-Canada, *in the County of* Worcester, *have applied to the Subscribers, by a Request dated the 25th of* January *last, representing, That at the Meeting lately appointed was not held, the Notification being prevented reaching the Plantation by the late severe Season, and thereby any Answer being made to the Order of the General Court to the Petition of sundry of the Proprietors and Inhabitants of said Plantation, to be set off with a Part of* Townshend *and* Fitchburgh, *into a Town or District; and to which Petition the General Court have again order'd the Proprietors to shew Cause why their Prayer be not granted:*

THESE are therefore to notify the Proprietors to meet at the Meeting House in the aforesaid Plantation (now called *Ashburnham*) on Wednesday the 10th of *April* next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, then and there to act on the following Articles.

1. To chuse a Committee, if they see Cause, to make Answer to the General Court, why the Petition aforesaid be not granted.

2 To grant Money for defraying the Charges that hath already arisen, or may arise, to repair the County Road.

3. To see if the Proprietors will accept of any Roads laid out in said Plantation.

4. To chuse a Committee, if they see Cause, to reckon and settle with the Treasurer; the said Committee to serve gratis.

5. To chuse a new Treasurer, if they think proper, the present one desiring to be dismiss'd.

6. To chuse a Committee to examine and see if the Minister has had any Grant for his Preaching on Probation.

7. To chuse a Committee to make Answer to the Petition of the Inhabitants dwelling on *Lexington* Farm in said Plantation, for being set off to the aforesaid intended Town or District.

8 To chuse a Committee for Sale of the Land of Delinquent Proprietors in said Plantation.

9. To consider whether it be not expedient, and for the Benefit of said Proprietors, to alter the Place of their Meeting for the future; and to determine where they shall be held.

10. To determine whether Major *Wilder* shall not be allowed Interest for the Money he hath advanced for the Benefit of the Proprietors, until paid.

11. To know the Minds of the Proprietors, whether the Lots shall be taxed according to Votes formerly passed, viz. The 1st Division Lots 50 Acres; and the 2d and 3d Divisions, 80 Acres each, and what the Proportion to each Proprietor in the undivided Lands. Benj[a]. Church,

Boston, March 15. 1765. John Moffatt.

To be Sold, a likely young Negro Man, 21 Years old, fit for Town or Country, sold for no Fault. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

Colony of Rhode Island, *&c.*

The Publick is hereby Notified, That the General Assembly at their last Session have directed me to draw Bills of Exchange upon Joseph Sherwood, Esq; the Agent for this Colony in *Great Britain*, for the Money in his Hands, and to dispose of the said Bills at Par.

Joseph Clarke, General-Treasurer.

Newport, March 8. 1765.

To be Sold at *Minot's* T, cheap for Cash,—A small Quantity of extraordinary good Lignum Vitæ; Inquire of Mr. *George Minot*. (6w.)

TO BE SOLD,

The Estate of the late Reverend *Roger Price*, of *Hopkinston*, in the County of *Middlesex*, consisting of a Mansion-House, near the Meeting-House, with an Orchard and Garden, planted with a Variety of Fruit-Trees, and about 65 Acres of Land; with seven other Farms, lying contiguous to one another, containing about 150 Acres each; great Part under Improvement with Buildings and Orchard thereon. Any Person inclined to purchase All or Part of said Farms may apply to *William Price*, at Mrs. *Kent's* opposite the Rev. Mr. *Fencroft's*, or to *John Willson*, Physician, in *Hopkinston*. March 11.

TO BE SOLD,

St. George's Stone Lime,

at the lowest Rate, at the Lime Stores on *March's* Wharff: Enquire of Thomas Dawes, living near said Wharff.

John Remington,

COLLECTOR of the Duties of Excise for the County of *Middlesex*, Hereby gives Public Notice to all Persons, as well Licensed as Permitted to sell Rum, and other Spirits distilled, and Wine, in said County, That he will attend at the Times and Places following, to receive the Duties of Excise from them respectively due, viz. On Tuesday the 26th Day of *March* Current, at the House of Mr. *Nathaniel Brown*, Innholder in *Charlestown*; and on Wednesday the Third Day of *April* next, at the House of Mr. *Thomas Munroe*, Innholder in *Concord*, by Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon on each of said Days.

TO BE SOLD,

Several Tracts, and Part of Lots of Land in *Rutland*, viz

			Acres	Rods.
In the West Wing.				
Lot Letter'd V, containing			23	112
	X,	— —	23	112
In the East Wing.				
Lot No 19	— — —		71	16
Wachusett Meadow Lot,	— —		13	30
In the North-West Quarter.				
Lot No 5.	— —		88	23
Lot Lettered D,	— —		9	30
	E,	— —	9	143
	F,	— —	9	143
Home Lot, No. 65,	—	—	43	32
Home-Lot, No. 66,	—	—	102	80
Home-Lot, No. 10,	—	—	18	83

Those who desire to purchase any of the above Lands, may apply to Col. *John Murray*, in *Rutland*.

TO BE SOLD,

A likely well-built Schooner, 104 Tons Burthen, 18 Months old, with a long Quarter-Deck, with standing Topsails and Flying Jibb, and a prime Sailer.—Likewise about 1600 wt of Cork in large Sheets.—Also a likely Negro Boy, 13 Years old, us'd to Houshold Business, and sold only for want of Employ: Inquire of *Gustavus Fellows*.

To be Sold, One Hundred and Eighty Acres of the Lot No. 18, in *Princetown*-District, about Two Miles from the Meeting-House: Inquire of the Printers.

Stray'd or stolen from the Stable of Benjamin Porter of Danvers, *on the 28th ult. at Night, a light-coloured red Horse, with a long Mein and Tail, 10 Years old this Spring, no artificial Marks but had a Scar which he received by a Kick from a Horse about a Year ago, on one of his Thighs. Whoever will take up and bring (or send Word of) said Horse to the Subscriber in* Danvers, *shall have* Two Dollars *Reward, and all Charges paid.*

BENJAMIN PORTER.

TO BE SOLD,

A Well-built SLOOP, about 80 Tons Burthen, always in the Whaling Business since she was built, and compleatly fitted for the Sea. Likewise two Cables, one 11 the other of 12 Inches: And also about 20 Barrels of choice PORK. For further Particulars, inquire of Edes and Gill.

To be Sold cheap for Cash, a well-built Ship, Burthen about 140 Tons, compleatly fitted for the Sea, now lying at *Bourne's* Wharff, at the North End. For further Particulars, inquire of Edes and Gill.

Imported in the last Ships from *Bristol* and to be sold by

Richard Baker,

At his Store in King-Street, near the Long-Wharf, at the lowest Prices for Cash;

Broad and narrow Cloths, German Serges, Flannels, white and striped Linceys, Checks, Sheeting, Sail Cloth, Oznabrigs, Bunting, Thread, Pewter Dishes, Plates, &c. Nails of all Sorts, Window Glass, Flint ditto, Anvils, Vices, Chizzles, Gouges, Axes, Adzes, &c. &c. Long and short Handle Frying Pans, Kerseys, Log-Lines, &c. (tbcf.)

Boston, Printed by Edes & Gill, *in Queen-Street.* 1765.